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# Neutron transmission and capture measurements for <sup>241</sup>Am at GELINA

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**Motivation** 

existing data

# **GELINA** facility

linac

experimental setup - sample

# **Measurements**

analysis and results

# Summary

Outline

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# Nuclear waste management:

**Motivation** 

a major pressing and potentially costly environmental problem

#### Main components of waste from nuclear reactors

Component	Isotope	${\rm Half\text{-}life}({\rm years})$	Quantity(kg/year)
Fission Fragments	$^{135}Cs$	$2.3  imes 10^6$	400
(39  ton/year)	$^{99}\mathrm{Tc}$	$2.1  imes 10^5$	1000
	$^{93}\mathrm{Zr}$	$1.5  imes 10^6$	900
	$^{129}I$	$1.0 imes10^7$	200
	$^{107}\mathrm{Pd}$	$6.5 imes10^6$	250
Plutonioum	<sup>238</sup> Pu	88	190
(11.4  ton/year)	<sup>239</sup> Pu	$2.4  imes 10^4$	6500
(	$^{240}P_{11}$	$6.5 \times 10^{3}$	2500
Minor Actinides	$^{237}\mathrm{Np}$	$2.1  imes 10^6$	480
(1.1  ton/year)	$^{241}\mathrm{Am}$	430	250
	$^{243}Am$	$7.4  imes 10^3$	140
	$^{245}\mathrm{Cm}$	8.5  imes 1 - 3	1



Long term radiotoxicity and high volume makes geo-disposal not an optimum solution

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# Transmission

## - Derrien and Lucas

- Saclay, LINAC (17 m and 53 m)
- AmO<sub>2</sub> (4.5 10<sup>-4</sup>, 1.6 10<sup>-4</sup>, 4.7 10<sup>-4</sup> at/b)
- <sup>10</sup>B(n,α<sub>1</sub>), 478 keV with Nal

# -Kalebin et al.

- Chopper,
- AmO<sub>2</sub> (3.3 10<sup>-3</sup> and 6.3 10<sup>-3</sup> at/b)
- Collimation ~0.8 and 0.4 mm
- BF<sub>3</sub> proportional counters

# Capture

## - Weston and Todd NSE 61 (1976) 356

- ORELA (20 m and 85 m)
- 1.1 10<sup>-4</sup> at/b <sup>241</sup>Am, AmO<sub>2</sub> + S powder
- Total energy + WF  $(C_6F_6)$
- E<sub>d</sub> > 500 keV
- Normalized at  $E_n = 0.0253 \text{ eV}$  $\sigma_{\gamma}^{\text{th}} = 582 \text{ b}$
- Jandel et al. PRC 78 (2008) 034609
  - LANSCE (20 m)
  - 1.7 10<sup>-6</sup> at/b <sup>241</sup>Am (electroplated on Ti)
  - Total absorption (4π)
  - $M_{\gamma} = 4$  and  $3.75 < E_{\gamma}^{tot} < 5.4 \text{ MeV}$  $\varepsilon_{n,\gamma} = 12.5 \pm 1.0 \%$
  - Normalization at 4.9 eV of <sup>197</sup>Au(n,γ)

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{\gamma}^{th}$$
 = 665 ±33 b

# Literature data



 $\Rightarrow$  A<sub>v</sub>  $\approx$  g $\Gamma_n$  for E<sub>r</sub> = 0.306 eV, 0.574 eV and 1.272 eV

- ⇒ Transmission: verify normalization of capture data of Jandel et al. and Weston and Todd
- ⇒ Capture to verify the thermal point and extend the energy range Homogeneous well characterized sample is required

# **GELINA** facility

## irfu



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## **GELINA:** dedicated to

- $\forall \sigma(n, tot)$
- $\forall \sigma(n,f), \sigma(n,p), \dots$
- ∀ **σ(n**,γ)



# Time-Of-Flight facility Pulsed white neutron source $(10 \text{ meV} < E_n < 20 \text{ MeV})$ Multi-user facility with 10 flight paths (10 m - 400 m)The measurement stations have equipment to perform:

Total cross section measurements Partial cross section measurements

 Pulse width
 : 1ns

 Frequency
 : 50 - 800 Hz

 Average current
 : 4.7 - 75  $\mu$ A

 Neutron intensity
 : 1.6 10<sup>12</sup> - 2.5 10<sup>13</sup> n/s





coolov



- e<sup>-</sup> accelerated to  $E_{e-max} \approx 140$ MeV
- ( $e^{-}$ ,  $\gamma$ ) Bremsstrahlung in U-target (rotating & cooled with liquid Hg)
- $(\gamma, n), (\gamma, f)$  in U-target
- Low energy neutrons by water moderator in Be-canning

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## Sample

- AmO<sub>2</sub> in Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> matrix (homogeneous)
- Purification to reduce <sup>237</sup>Np
- 40 GBq of <sup>241</sup>Am
  - 324.5 mg by γ spectroscopy324.6 mg by calorimetry
- Ø = 22.14 mm
  - verified by γ radiography combined with non-contact electronic microscope



### • Transmisson at 25 m – <sup>6</sup>Li-scintillators

- Capture at 12.8 m
  - Total energy detection
  - C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub> detectors + WF
  - Normalization
    - Internal :  $\Gamma_n$  from transmission
    - External : 4.9 eV <sup>197</sup>Au+n

**TOF - experiments at GELINA** 

# **Experimental conditions**



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**Capture and transmission** 

 $\Rightarrow$  **g** $\Gamma_{n}$ 

Doppler broadening dominates the observed width for E<sub>r</sub> > 1 eV

Only for low energy resonances  $\Gamma$  can be determined from shape analysis

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Measurement	Flight path	Frequency	Filters		
			Overlap	Fixed background	Additional background
Transmission	25 m	50 Hz 50 Hz 800 Hz	<sup>10</sup> B	Co, Bi, Na Co, Bi, Na, Pb Na, Pb	Ag, Cd Ag, Cd Au, W, Co, Mn
Capture	12.5 m	<mark>50 Hz</mark> 400 Hz 800 Hz	Cd <sup>10</sup> B	Co, Bi, Na Bi, Na Na, S, Pb	Cd, Ag, W Ag, W Ag, W, Co

	Region	Overlap	Fixed background filters
50 Hz	< 100 eV	_	Co, Bi, Na
400 Hz	> 1 eV	Cd	Bi, Na
800 Hz	> 20 eV	<sup>10</sup> B	Na, S



$$T_{\rm exp} = \frac{C_{in} - B_{in}}{C_{out} - B_{out}}$$

 $E_{r}$  = 6.6735  $\pm$  0.0030 eV of  $^{238}\text{U+n}$  L = 26.444  $\pm$  0.006 m



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L = 12.8 m

# **Total energy detection**

- C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub> liquid scintillators
  - 125°
  - PHWT
- Flux measurements (IC)
  - ${}^{10}B(n,\alpha)$



$$Y_{exp} = N \frac{C'_{w} - B'_{w}}{C' - B'} Y$$

$$N \frac{C_{w} - B_{w}}{C' - B'}\sigma$$

Borella et al., NIMA 577(2007) 626



WF: from MC simulations  $\int R(E_d, E_{\gamma}) WF(E_d) dE_d = kE_{\gamma}$   $C_w(T_n) = \int C_c(T_n, E_d) WF(E_d) dE_d$ 

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# Capture and Transmission

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# <sup>241</sup>Am

Transmission and capture data are consistent Characterisation of sample:

✓ Content by calorimetry at JRC/ITU

Area by radiography at IRMM

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\int_{th} obtained
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RP (E, g\Gamma_{n,}, < \Gamma_{\gamma}>) up to ~ 200 eV
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## Publication to be submitted within October 2012