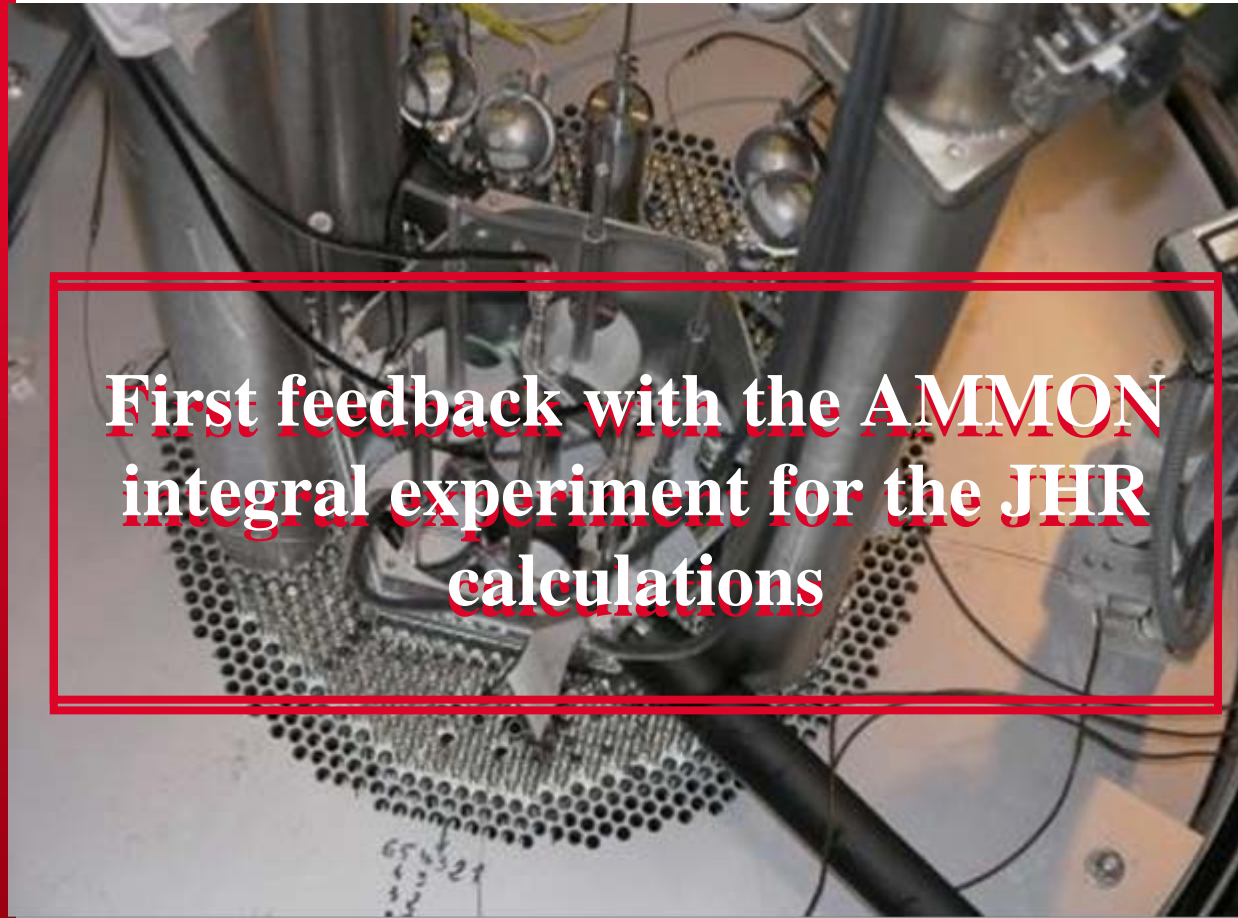


DE LA RECHERCHE À L'INDUSTRIE



**First feedback with the AMMON
integral experiment for the JHR
calculations**

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CADARACHE

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1. Context

2. Description of the AMMON experiment

3. Analysis of the AMMON experiment:

- Reduction of the a priori uncertainty due to ND on JHR calculated reactivity
- Elements of integral validation for Hf and Be ND

4. Conclusion/ Outlook

A NEW MTR UNDER CONSTRUCTION: JHR

About 20 experiments at the same time

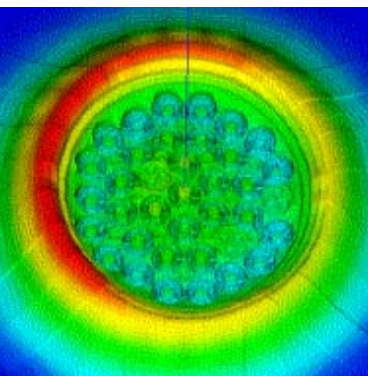
In reflector

$$\Phi \geq 5.5 \cdot 10^{14} \text{ n/cm}^2\cdot\text{s}$$

20 fixed positions

6 displacement systems

Thermal neutron flux

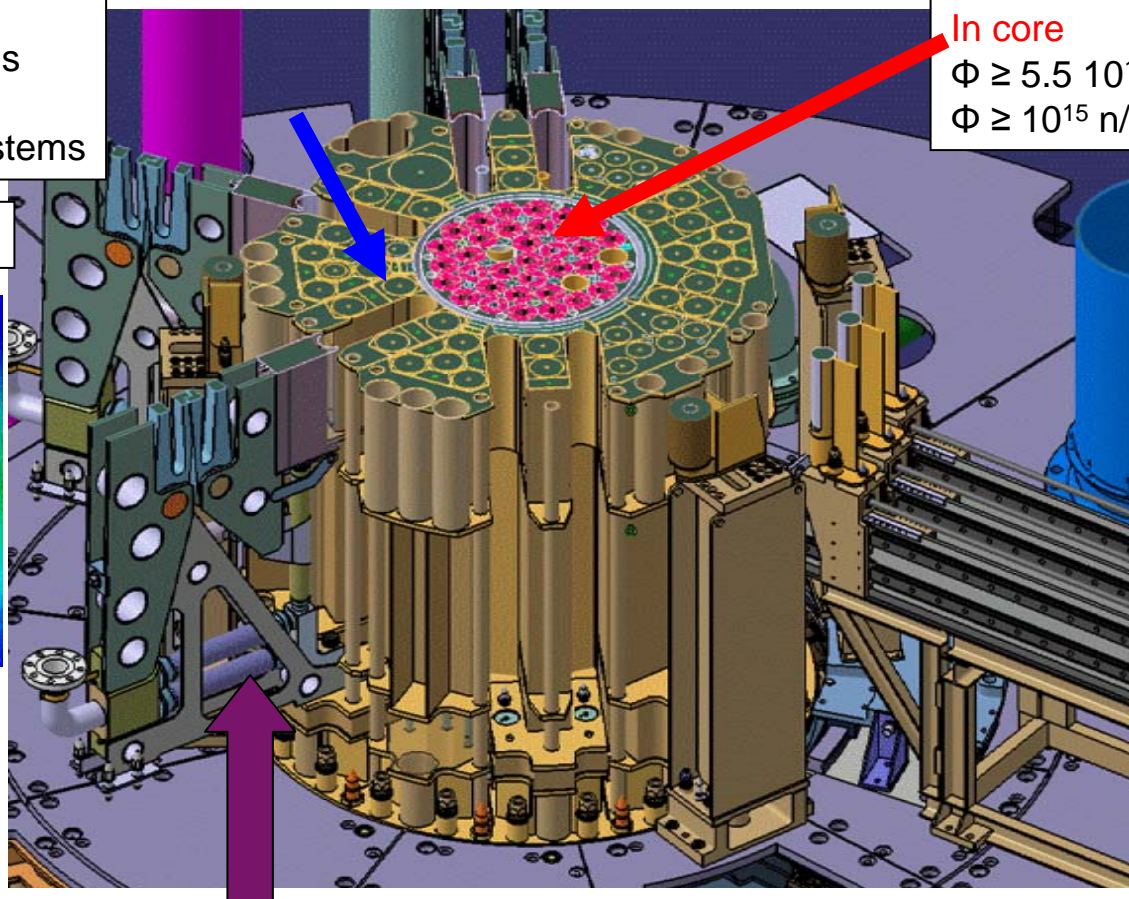
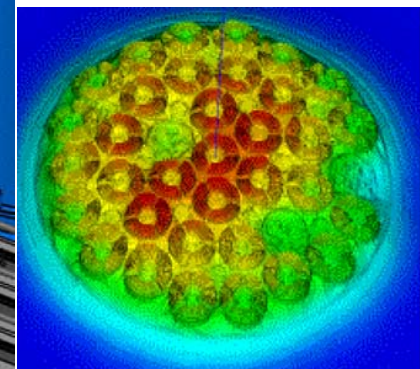


In core

$$\Phi \geq 5.5 \cdot 10^{14} \text{ n/cm}^2\cdot\text{s} > 1 \text{ MeV}$$

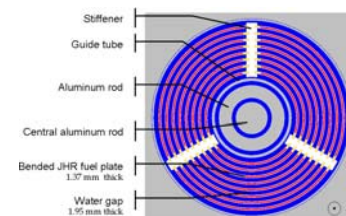
$$\Phi \geq 10^{15} \text{ n/cm}^2\cdot\text{s} > 0.1 \text{ MeV}$$

Fast neutron flux



Displacement system :
→ Adjustment of power
→ Power transient studies

70 MWth / 100 MWth
Cycle between 25 and 30 days
6-7 days between cycles



SOME JHR SPECIFICITIES

- LWR with a spectrum harder than a « standard » PWR/BWR
- Fuel: U_3Si_2 –Al with $e\% \text{ } ^{235}U \geq 20\%$
- A high power density
- Presence of specific isotopes:
 - ^{27}Al (fuel matrix, cladding, rack, structure,...)
 - 9Be (reflector)
 - Hf (control rods)

Example: A priori ND uncertainty propagation on reactivity (BOL) in pcm

| | JHR |
|--------------|-----|
| ^{235}U | 342 |
| ^{238}U | 122 |
| H_2O | 194 |
| ^{27}Al | 402 |
| 9Be | 59 |
| Total | 637 |

NEEDS OF INTEGRAL VALIDATION

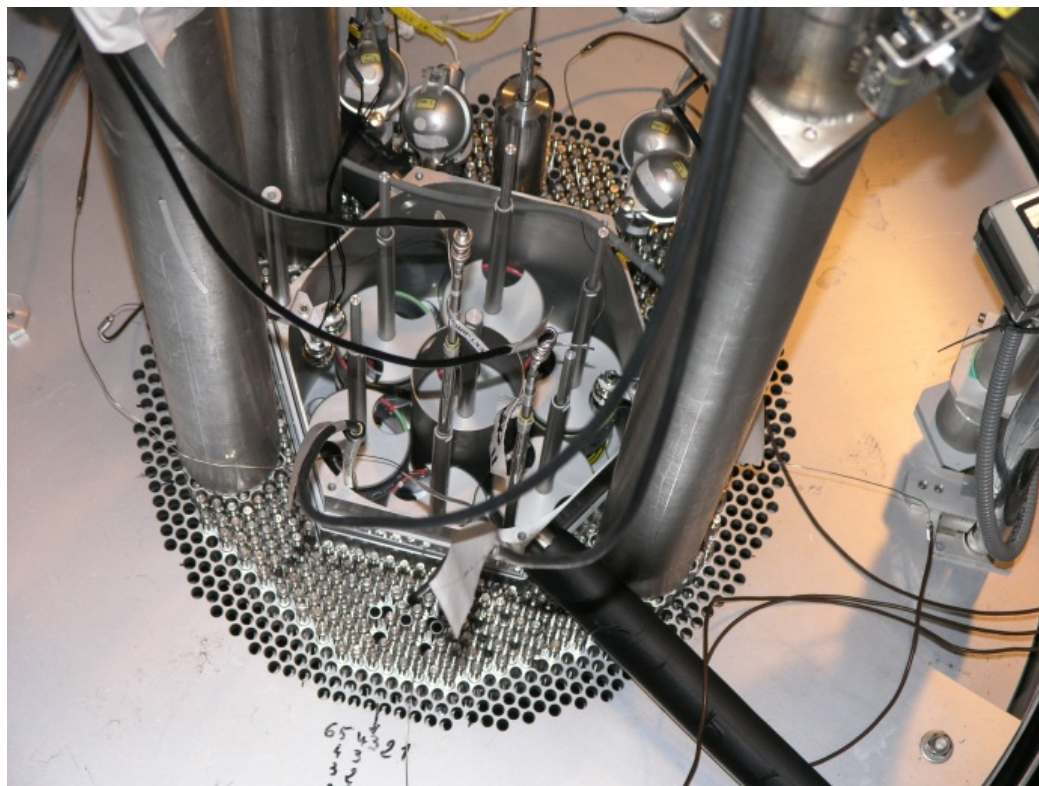
The accuracy of ^{27}Al , ^9Be , Hf ND has a direct impact on the accuracy of the calculations of JHR safety and performance parameters (n and γ):

- Few feedback on ^{27}Al ND => important for reactivity calculation

- Few feedback on ^9Be ND => important for the calculation of the plate power close to the reflector, radial macroscopic flux shape in the core, neutron flux levels and γ heating in the reflector

- Existing feedback on Hf ND for rod efficiency calculation (French experimental programs in EOLE and AZUR) => extension of the validation field for JHR (harder neutron spectrum)

 - Few feedback on Hf ND for γ heating calculation



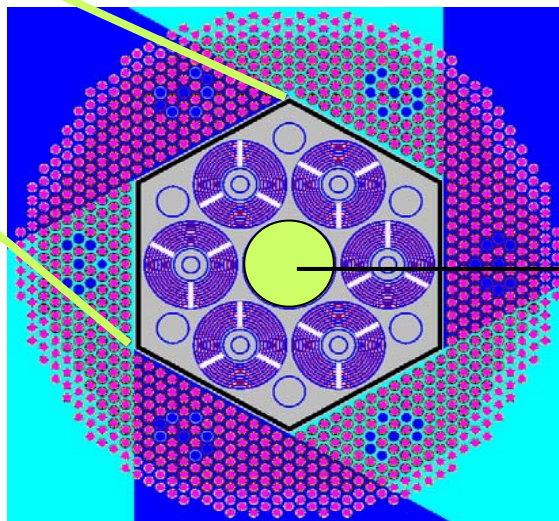
Aims of the AMMON experiment:

- > Determination of the global calculation bias and uncertainty associated with the JHR calculation formular on neutron / photon parameters such as reactivity, reactivity worth, power distributions, kinetics parameters, spectrum indexes, gamma-ray dose ...
- > Feedback on nuclear data for the JEFF-3.1.1 library: aluminum, beryllium, hafnium for neutron and gamma interactions

DESCRIPTION OF THE AMMON EXPERIMENT



- **JHR** : daisy flower shaped pattern

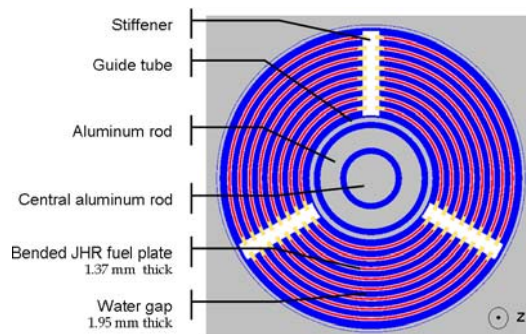


• **AMMON-EOLE** :

➤ *Experimental zone*: aluminum rack hosting U_3Si_2 -Al e=27% fuel assemblies

➤ *Driver zone*: 500 to 900 UOx e=3.7% fuel pins

Hexagonal lattice pitch optimized in order to get the same neutron spectrum in EZ/DZ

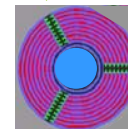


• Configurations :

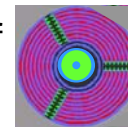
- Reference core : 7 JHR assemblies



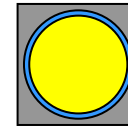
- Ejected follower



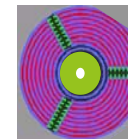
- Hf rod : totally or half inserted



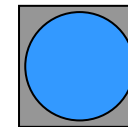
- Beryllium block



- Voided assembly

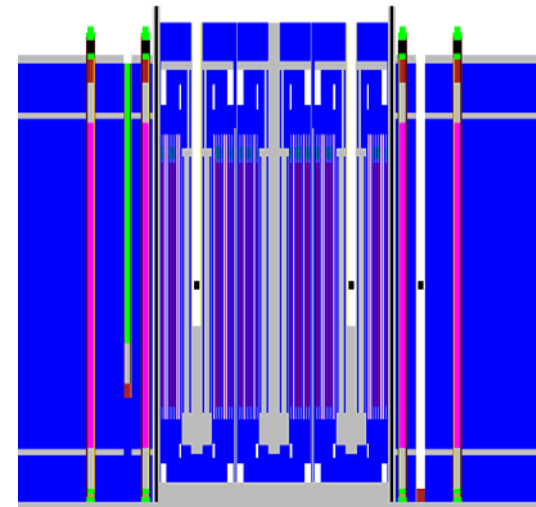
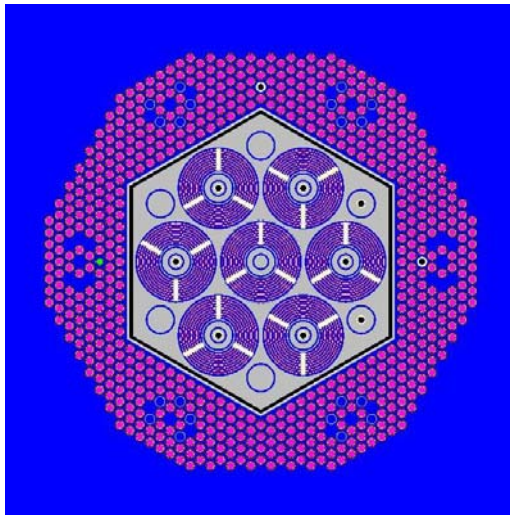


- Water cell



ANALYSIS OF THE AMMON EXPERIMENT

- 3D reference continuous-energy calculations with the Monte Carlo TRIPOLI4 code and the JEFF3.1.1 nuclear data library (processed at room temperature)
- Modelling of the 3D-exact geometry with TRIPOLI4
- Simulation of several billions of neutron histories to reach a satisfactory statistical uncertainty



ANALYSIS OF THE RESIDUAL REACTIVITY MEASUREMENT

- Core criticality adjusted with the insertion of an automatic pilot rod
- Measurement of core reactivity with the divergence technique when the pilot rod is withdrawn

Residual reactivity

| | AMMON/REF |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| <i>Measurement</i> | +184 pcm \pm 9 |
| <i>TRIPOLI4</i> | +560 pcm \pm 3 |
| <i>C-E</i> | +376 pcm \pm 340 |

- **(C-E) value very satisfactory**
- Direct propagation of a priori nuclear data uncertainty on reactivity -> 670 pcm (1σ) uncertainty (360 pcm only comes from ^{27}Al nuclear data)

Impact of nuclear data libraries on AMMON/REF residual reactivity calculation

| | JEFF3.1.1 | JEF2.2 | ENDF-B/VII.0 |
|----------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| TRIPOLI4 | +560 pcm \pm 3 | +1015 pcm \pm 3 | +652 pcm \pm 3 |

- Significant improvement (270 pcm) due to the new ^{27}Al evaluation in JEFF3
- 100 pcm overestimation when using ENDF/B-VII.0

Objective: transposition of the bias and uncertainty from AMMON to JHR

A. *The representativity study concerning the reactivity parameter*

Dot product of sensitivity vectors S of the Reactor (R) and the Experiment (E) weighted by the nuclear data covariance matrix M

$$r_{(R,E)} = \frac{S_R^t M S_E}{\sqrt{(S_R^t M S_R)(S_E^t M S_E)}}$$

Indication of the relevancy of the Experiment to the Reactor case (for the considered neutron parameter):

For the JHR and AMMON/REF cores:

$$r_{(JHR,AMMON/REF)} = 0,95$$

Very good representativity ($r > 0,9$) => the bias and uncertainties can be transposed

B. The Calculation Bias and posterior uncertainty due to nuclear data for JHR

Neutronic weight of the experiment concerning the Reactor: (ratio between the experimental uncertainties and the ND uncertainties)

$$w = \frac{1}{1 + \sigma_E^2 / (S_E^t MS_E)}$$

Bias on the Reactor calculated reactivity as a function of the bias on the Experiment calculated reactivity :

$$\left(\frac{Exp - Cal}{Cal} \right)_{Reactor} = a_E^R \left(\frac{Exp - Cal}{Cal} \right)_{Experiment}$$

With the transfer coefficient :
$$a_E^R = \frac{r_{(R,E)}}{1 + \sigma_E^2 / (S_E^t MS_E)} \sqrt{\frac{S_R^t MS_R}{S_E^t MS_E}} = w \cdot r_{(R,E)} \cdot \frac{I_R}{I_E}$$

From a AMMON/REF_{ND} bias = +376 pcm (1σ), a JHR bias_{ND} = **+250 pcm** (1σ) is expected

Reduction of the uncertainties due to Nuclear Data (depending of the representativity and the weight):

$$\alpha^2 = \frac{I_R^{*2}}{I_R^2} = 1 - \frac{r_{(R,E)}^2}{1 + \sigma_E^2 / (S_E^t MS_E)} = 1 - w \cdot r_{(R,E)}^2 = 0.24$$

From a **597pcm** (1σ) **prior** uncertainty, the reduction gives **328 pcm** (1σ) **posterior** uncertainty on the JHR reactivity

Synthesis of the transposition for the reactivity parameter

$$(C-E)_{\text{AMMON/REF}} = +376 \text{ pcm} \pm 340$$

and

A priori uncertainty on $\rho_{\text{JHR}} = +597 \text{ pcm}$



$$(C-E)_{\text{JHR-BOL}} = +250 \text{ pcm} \pm 328$$

A PRIORI ND UNCERTAINTY PROPAGATION

* Importance to have realistic covariance matrices associated with the ND library used for the calculation

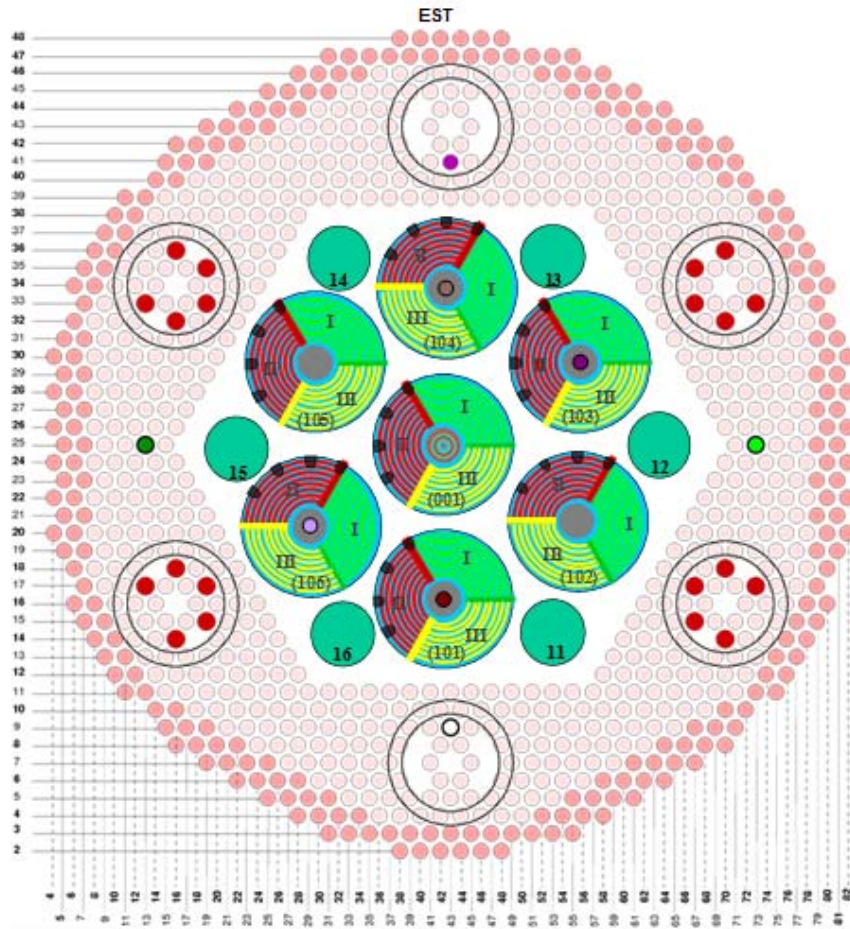
* Origin of the covariance matrices:

- JEFF3.1.1 / JENDL3.3
- recommandations of CEA
- determination of a new ^{27}Al covariance matrix (retroactive marginalization technique in the CONRAD code)

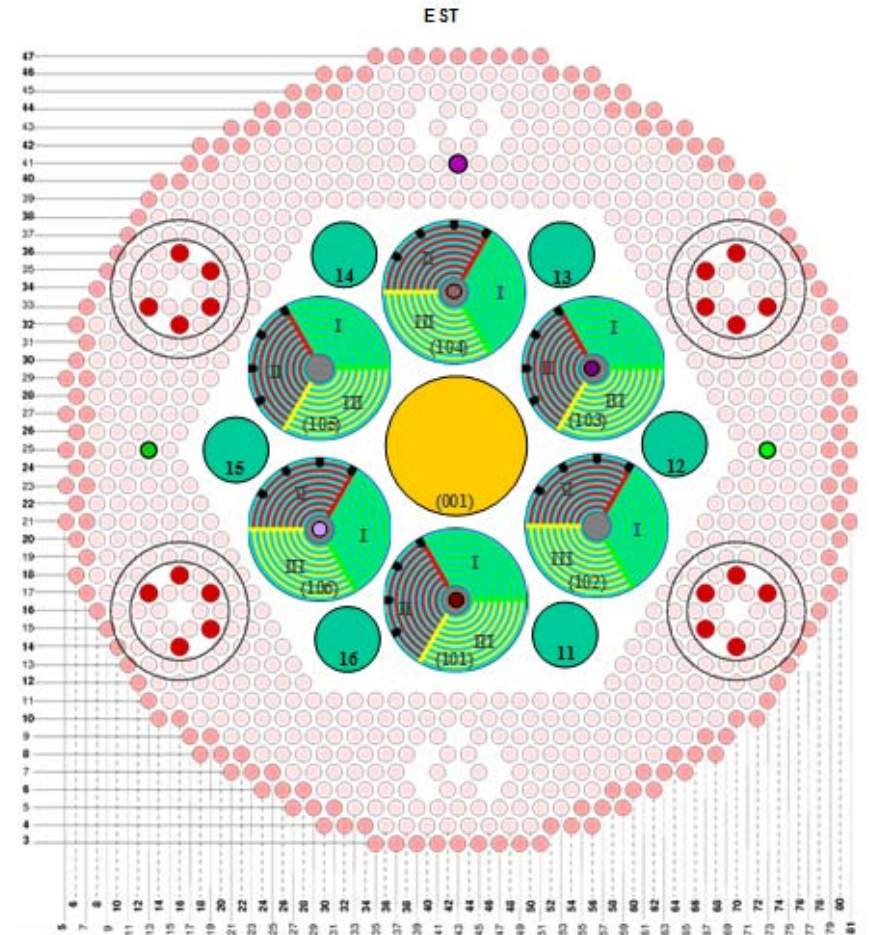
| Isotope | Reaction | AMMON Keff uncertainty | JHR Keff uncertainty |
|---------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| ^{235}U | Fission | 201 | 133 |
| | ν | 336 | 270 |
| | Capture | 187 | 175 |
| | Scattering | 9 | 13 |
| ^{238}U | Fission | 130 | 33 |
| | ν | 26 | 6 |
| | Capture | 156 | 91 |
| | Scattering | 58 | 42 |
| ^{27}Al | Capture | 177 | 221 |
| | Elastic | 150 | 153 |
| | Inelastic | 272 | 224 |
| H_2O | Capture | 50 | 49 |
| | Scattering | 148 | 179 |
| ^{56}Fe | Capture | 82 | 7 |
| | Scattering | 7 | 4 |
| ^9Be | Scattering | No Be | 60 |
| Total uncertainty (1σ) | | 671 pcm | 597 pcm |

AMMON Hf AND Be CONFIGURATIONS

A hafnium rod inserted in the central assembly



A beryllium block inserted in the rack central cell



ANALYSIS OF BIAS ON THE REACTIVITY WORTH

Residual reactivity (analysis of the 3 critical states)

| AMMON configuration | REF | Hf | Be |
|---------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Measurement | +184 pcm \pm 9 | + 212 pcm \pm 11 | + 155 pcm \pm 8 |
| TRIPOLI4 | +560 pcm \pm 3 | + 573 pcm \pm 2 | + 521 pcm \pm 2 |
| C-E | +376 pcm | + 361pcm | + 366 pcm |



$$\frac{\delta\Delta\rho}{\Delta\rho} = \frac{(\rho_{calc}^{Hf/Be} - \rho_{calc}^{REF}) - (\rho_{mes}^{Hf/Be} - \rho_{mes}^{REF})}{\Delta\rho_{mes}}$$

Bias on the reactivity worth

| AMMON configuration | Hf | Be |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Experimental worth | -3356 pcm | -2526 pcm |
| (C-E)/E | +0.5% \pm 1.8% | +0.4% \pm 2.0% |

- The Bias due to ND (Hf and Be) are within the uncertainty (1σ)
- Preliminary results: to be completed with sensitivity studies...

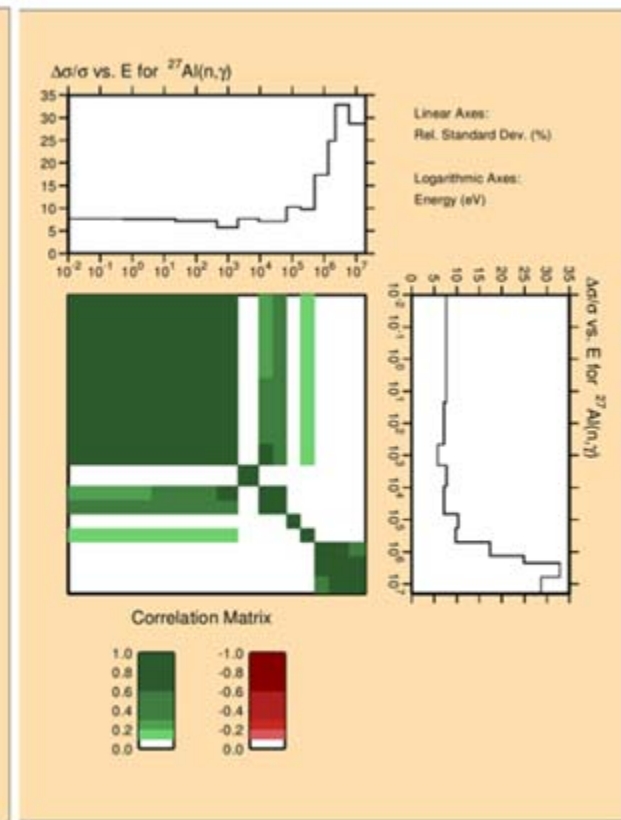
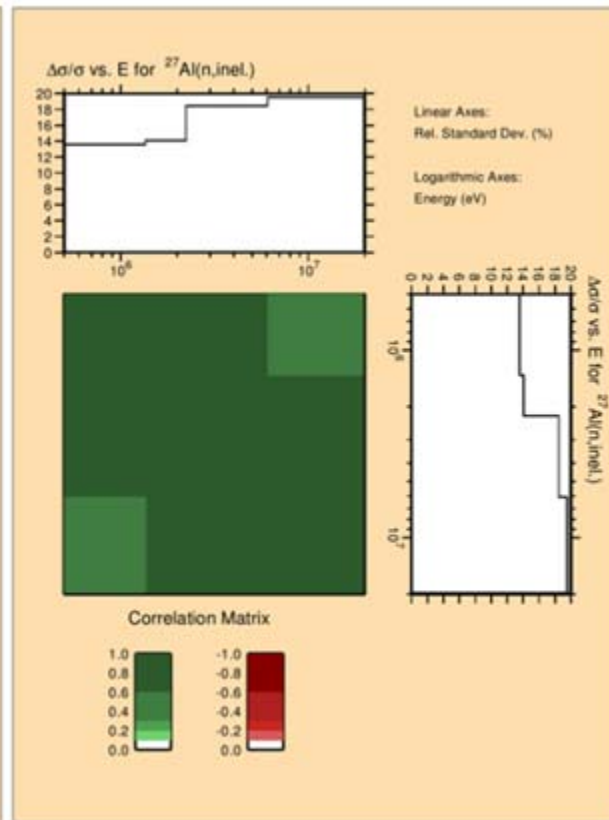
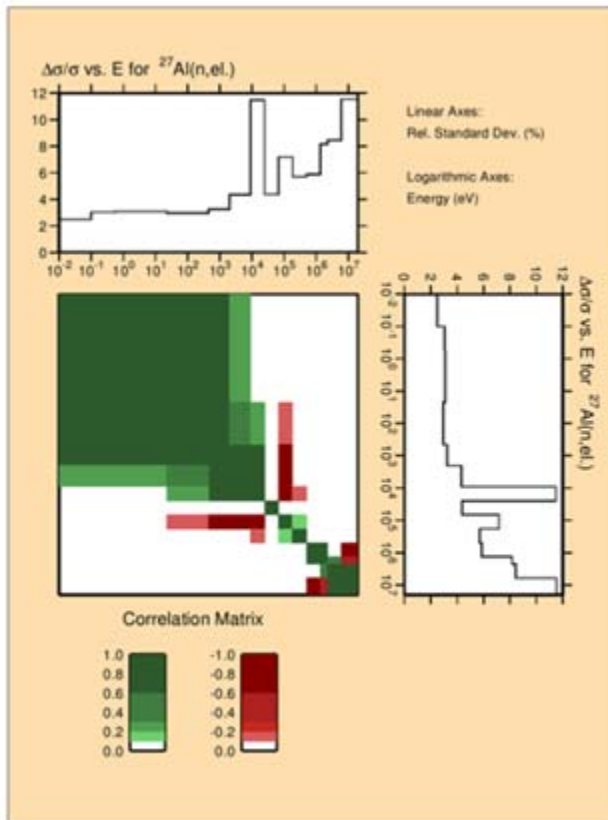
- New measurements in progress in the EOLE facility with the AMMON experimental program => 2 goals: experimental validation of the design and safety calculation formular for JHR + elements of validation for specific ND (Al, Hf, Be)
- Transposition of the bias and uncertainty due to ND from AMMON to JHR thanks to the representativity methodology
- A priori uncertainty on the calculated JHR reactivity reduced by a 2 factor:
(C-E) JHR BOL = +250 pcm \pm 328 (1σ)
- No bias due to JEFF3.1.1 ND on Hf efficiency and Be reactivity worth
- First feedback which will be completed in the next months:
 - Neutron data: Analysis of spectral indexes with activation foils at the center of the Be block
 - Photon data: analysis of gamma heating in Al, Hf and Be

27Al NEW COVARIANCE MATRIX WITH CONRAD

Elastic cross section

Inelastic cross section

Capture cross section



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